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## In the claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A system for accessing a surgical target site, comprising:

a dilator system comprising a plurality of sequential dilators deliverable along a lateral, trans-psoas path to a targeted spinal site to create a distraction corridor;

a handle assembly including a first <u>pivotable</u> arm member, a second <u>pivotable</u> arm member <u>that pivots relative</u> <u>hingedly attached</u> to said first arm member <u>in response to manual adjustment of a component of the handle assembly</u>, and a translating member adapted to move longitudinally relative <u>to</u> said first and second arm members;

a first retractor blade <u>having a generally concave inner-facing surface and being rigidly</u> coupled to said first <u>pivotable</u> arm member prior to introduction <u>into said surgical target toward</u> the targeted spinal site, a second retractor blade <u>having a generally concave inner-facing surface</u> and <u>being rigidly coupled</u> to said second <u>pivotable</u> arm member prior to introduction <u>into said surgical target toward the targeted spinal site</u>, and a third retractor blade rigidly coupled to said translating member prior to introduction <u>into said surgical target toward the targeted spinal site</u>;

an intradiscal shim element that releasably mounts to the third retractor blade such that a maximum length of the intradiscal shim element extends generally parallel to a maximum length of the third retractor blade and a distal tip portion of the intradiscal shim element extends distally of the distal end of the third retractor blade, wherein the intradiscal shim element engages with a groove defined by the third retractor blade to penetrate into a spinal disc at the targeted spinal site when the intradiscal shim element is releasably mounted to the third retractor blade; and

said handle <u>assembly</u> being configured to simultaneously introduce said first, second and third retractor blades <u>along the lateral</u>, <u>trans-psoas path toward the targeted spinal site to said surgical target site</u> in a closed position <u>while the generally concave inner-facing surfaces of said first and second retractor blades engage with an outermost dilator of the dilator system and thereafter opened by <u>manually squeezing pivoting</u> said first and second <u>pivotable</u> arm members relative to one another to create an operative corridor to said surgical target site.</u>

2. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, further comprising a a-K-wire configured to be initially advanced along the lateral, trans-psoas path to the targeted spinal site and engage an

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annulus of said spinal disc-to-said surgical target site, the K-wire further configured to extend entirely through a dilator of said dilator system from the annulus of the spinal disc to a position beyond a proximal most end of the dilator system at least one generally cylindrical dilator configured to be slideably passed over said K-wire and secondarily advanced to said surgical target site, said at least one generally cylindrical dilator having an outer diameter slightly smaller than an inner diameter of said first, second and third retractor blades while in said closed position.

- 3. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1, wherein the intradiscal shim element and further, comprising at least one shim element capable of being detachably engaged with at least one of said first, second and third retractor blades, said shim element having includes an extension of sufficient length to extend past a distal end of said at least one of said first, second and third retractor blades into a spinal disc space and of sufficient height to distract vertebral bodies adjacent to said spinal disc at the targeted spinal site when the intradiscal shim element is releasably mounted to the third retractor blade-spinal disc space.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 1 and further, comprising at least one retractor extender capable of being detachably engaged with at least one of said first, second and third second retractor blades, said retractor extender having a width wider than said at least one of said first, second and third retractor blade to prevent the ingress of adjacent tissue into said operative corridor after said first, second and third retractor blades have been opened.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The system of claim [[2]] 1, wherein at least one of said <u>plurality of sequential dilators is K-wire, said at least one dilator, and at least one of said first, second and third retractor blades are equipped with at least one stimulation electrode.</u>
- 6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 5, further comprising a control unit capable of electrically stimulating said at least one stimulation electrode, sensing a response of a nerve depolarized by said stimulation, determining at least one of proximity and direction between said

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at least one stimulation electrode and said depolarized nerve based upon the sensed response, and

communicating said at least one of proximity and direction to a user.

7. (Original) The system of claim 6, further comprising an electrode configured to sense a

neuromuscular response of a muscle coupled to said depolarized nerve, the electrode being

operable to send the response to the control unit.

8. (Original) The system of claim 2, wherein said K-wire has a first stimulation electrode at a

distal tip of the K-wire.

Claims 9-10. (Canceled)

11. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 6, further comprising at least one button for

initiating the electrical stimulation from said control unit to said at least one stimulation

electrode.

12. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 6, wherein the control unit comprises a

display operable to display at least one of an electromyographic (EMG) response of said muscle

coupled to said depolarized nerve and a stimulation threshold of said depolarized nerve.

13. (Original) The system of claim 6, wherein the control unit comprises a touch-screen display

operable to receive commands from a user.

14. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 6, wherein at least one of said first, second and

third retractor blades includes said a stimulation electrodes are positioned near a distal end of

said at least one of said K wire, said at least one generally cylindrical dilator, and said at least

one of said first, second and third retractor blades.

Claims 15-19. (Canceled)

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20. (Currently Amended) A surgical retractor system for accessing a surgical target site, comprising:

a handle assembly including first and second <u>hinged pivotable</u> arm members and a translating member adapted to move longitudinally relative <u>to said</u> first and second arm members:

a first retractor blade coupled to said first arm member prior to introduction into said surgical a targeted spinal site and having a length sufficient to extend laterally to the targeted spinal site, a second retractor blade coupled to said second arm member prior to introduction into said surgical the targeted spinal site and having a length sufficient to extend laterally to the targeted spinal site, and a third retractor blade coupled to said translating member prior to introduction into said surgical the targeted spinal site and having a length sufficient to extend laterally to the targeted spinal site, said first, second, and third retractor blades defining a corridor extending from a proximal end of each retractor blade to a distal end of each retractor blade and between said retractor blades;

an intradiscal shim element that releasably mounts to a groove formed in the third retractor blade such that a distal tip portion of the intradiscal shim element extends distally of the distal end of the third retractor blade and penetrates into a spinal disc at the targeted spinal site when the intradiscal shim element is releasably mounted to the third retractor blade;

a first retractor extender element that releasably mounts to the first retractor blade such that a maximum length of the first retractor extender element extends generally parallel to a maximum length of the first retractor blade and a distal tip portion of the first retractor extender element extends distally of the distal end of the first retractor blade when the first retractor extender extender element is releasably mounted to the first retractor blade; and

said handle <u>assembly</u> being operable to pivot said first arm <u>member</u> and said second arm <u>member</u> and translate said translating member in a linear path relative said first and second arm <u>members</u>, thereby increasing the size of the corridor between said retractor blades to provide access to <u>said surgical the</u> targeted spinal site.

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21. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein an inner surface

facing said corridor of at least one of said first retractor blade, said second retractor blade, and

said third retractor blade includes a pair of grooves that for engagement with said first retractor

extender element a blade accessory.

22. (Previously Presented) The surgical retractor system of claim 21, wherein at least one of

said grooves is a dove-tail groove.

23. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 21, wherein at least a portion

of said blade accessory first retractor extender element slides down said first retractor blade

within said pair of grooves.

24. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein said blade

accessory is a intradiscal shim element having includes an extension of sufficient length to

extend past a distal end of said retractor blade into a spinal disc space and of sufficient height to

distract vertebral bodies adjacent to said spinal disc at the targeted spinal site when the

intradiscal shim element is releasably mounted to the third retractor blade-spinal disc space.

25. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 24, wherein said retractor blade

is said third blade and said intradiscal shim element fixes the position of said third blade relative

to said disc space targeted spinal site when said extension penetrates into said spinal discis

positioned in said spinal disc space.

26. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 25, wherein said <u>handle</u>

assembly and first, second, and third retractor blades are configured retractor is configured such

that said third retractor blade can be fixed prior to enlarging said corridor and said first and

second retractor blades move relative to said third retractor blade.

Claims 27-28. (Canceled)

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29. (Currently Amended) The surgical system of claim 20-claim 27, wherein said a-distal tip

portion end of said first retractor extender element includes a generally horizontal extension

extending away from said corridor when said first retractor extender element is engaged with

said first retractor blade.

30. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, further comprising at least

one dilator advanceable to said surgical targeted spinal site prior to said retractor blades and

dimensioned to slidably receive said retractor blades thereabout to guide said retractor blades to

said surgical targeted spinal site.

31. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein at least one of said

first retractor blade, second retractor blade, and third retractor blade, is equipped to direct light to

said surgical targeted spinal site.

32. (Currently Amended) The surgical retractor system of claim 31, wherein at least one light

cable extends along at least a portion of the length of at least one of said first retractor blade,

second retractor blade, and third retractor blade-said retractor blade.

33. (Previously Presented) The surgical retractor system of claim 30, wherein at least one of

said dilator, first retractor blade, second retractor blade, and third retractor blade are equipped

with at least one stimulation electrode.

34. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, further comprising a dilator system

comprising a plurality of sequential dilators deliverable along a lateral, trans-psoas path to the

targeted spinal site to create a distraction corridor, wherein said handle is configured to

simultaneously introduce said first, second and third retractor blades along the lateral, trans-

psoas path toward the targeted spinal site in a closed position while the first, second, and third

retractor blades slidably engage with an outermost dilator of the dilator system.

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35. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 34, wherein each of the plurality of sequential

dilators includes a stimulation electrode at a distal region.

36. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 35, further comprising a K-wire dimensioned to

extend through said plurality of sequential dilators and configured to be advanced to the targeted

spinal site and to engage an annulus of said spinal disc at the targeted spinal site.

37. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the first retractor blade is rigidly

coupled to said first arm member prior to introduction to the targeted spinal site, the second

retractor blade is rigidly coupled to said second arm member prior to introduction to the targeted

spinal site, and the third retractor blade is rigidly coupled to said translating member prior to

introduction to the targeted spinal site.

38. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the first retractor blade includes a

generally concave inner-facing surface and a groove formed along the generally concave inner-

facing surface.

39. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 38, wherein the first retractor extender element

releasably mounts to the groove formed along the generally concave inner-facing surface of the

of the first retractor blade groove.

40. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the third retractor blade includes a

generally concave inner-facing surface and the groove of the third retractor blade is formed along

the generally concave inner-facing surface.

41. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 40, wherein the intradiscal shim element

includes at least one dovetail element to mate with the groove of the third retractor blade.

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42. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the second retractor blade includes a generally concave inner-facing surface and a groove formed along the generally concave inner-facing surface.

- 43. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 42, further comprising a second retractor extender element that releasably mounts to the groove of the second retractor blade such that a maximum length of the second retractor extender element extends generally parallel to a maximum length of the second retractor blade and a distal tip portion of the second retractor extender element extends distally of the distal end of the second retractor blade when the second retractor extender element is releasably mounted to the second retractor blade.
- 44. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein said handle is operable to simultaneously move said first arm member and said second arm member.
- 45. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein said handle is operable to simultaneously move said first, second, and third retractor blades.
- 45. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, further comprising a shim insertion tool that releasably attaches to the intradiscal shim element during introduction of the intradiscal shim element toward the targeted spinal site.
- 45. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, further comprising a fiber optic cable for positioning within a wall of said first or second retractor blade to emit light toward the targeted spinal site.
- 46. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the handle assembly further includes a locking mechanism to selectively lock at least the first arm member in a retracted position such that the first retractor blade is spaced apart from the second retractor blade.

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47. (New) The surgical retractor system of claim 20, wherein the handle assembly is operable to

move said first arm member and said second arm member thereby increasing the size of the

corridor between said first, second, and third retractor blades such that an implant is deliverable

through the corridor to the targeted spinal site.

48. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of sequential dilators includes a

stimulation electrode at a distal region.

49. (New) The system of claim 48, further comprising a K-wire configured to be advanced to the

targeted spinal site and to engage an annulus of said spinal disc at the targeted spinal site,

wherein at least one of the plurality of sequential dilators are deliverable over the K-wire.

50. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the first retractor blade includes a groove formed

along said generally concave inner-facing surface of the first retractor blade.

51. (New) The system of claim 50, further comprising a first retractor extender element that

releasably mounts to the groove of the first retractor blade such that a maximum length of the

first retractor extender element extends generally parallel to a maximum length of the first

retractor blade and a distal tip portion of the first retractor extender element extends distally of

the distal end of the first retractor blade when the first retractor extender element is releasably

mounted to the first retractor blade.

52. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the third retractor blade includes a generally concave

inner-facing surface and the groove of the third retractor blade is formed along the generally

concave inner-facing surface.

53. (New) The system of claim 52, wherein the intradiscal shim element includes at least one

dovetail element to mate with the groove of the third retractor blade.

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54. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the second retractor blade includes a groove formed

along said generally concave inner-facing surface of the second retractor blade.

55. (New) The system of claim 54, further comprising a second retractor extender element that

releasably mounts to the groove of the second retractor blade such that a maximum length of the

second retractor extender element extends generally parallel to a maximum length of the second

retractor blade and a distal tip portion of the second retractor extender element extends distally of

the distal end of the second retractor blade when the second retractor extender element is

releasably mounted to the second retractor blade.

56. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein said handle is configured to simultaneously move said

first arm member and said second arm member.

57. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the first and second retractor blades simultaneously

move when the handle assembly moves the first, second, and third retractor blades to the open

position.

58. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein said handle is configured to simultaneously move the

first, second, and third retractor blades.

59. (New) The system of claim 1, further comprising a shim insertion tool that releasably

attaches to the intradiscal shim element during introduction of the intradiscal shim element

toward the targeted spinal site.

60. (New) The system of claim 1, further comprising a fiber optic cable for positioning within a

wall of said first or second retractor blade to emit light toward the targeted spinal site.

61. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the handle assembly further includes a locking

mechanism to selectively lock at least the first arm member in a retracted position such that the

first retractor blade is spaced apart from the second retractor blade.

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62. (New) The system of claim 1, wherein the first, second, and third retractor blades define an

operative corridor to the targeted spinal site when moved to the opened position such that an

implant is deliverable through the operative corridor to the targeted spinal site.

63. (New) The system of claim 7, wherein the control unit extracts characteristic information

from the response detected by said electrode to determine at least one of proximity and direction

between said at least one stimulation electrode and said depolarized nerve.

64. (New) The system of claim 63, wherein the characteristic information includes a stimulation

current threshold and said control unit displays the value of said stimulation current threshold.